Package leaflet: Information for the user

Strattera® 10, 18, 25, 40, and 60 mg hard capsules

Atomoxetine



Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you. • Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.

- . If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others
- It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

 This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet.
- See section 4.

What is in this leaflet:

- What Strattera is and what it is used for
 What you need to know before you take Strattera
- 3 How to take Strattera
- 4. Possible side effects 5. How to store Strattera
- 6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Strattera is and what it is used for What it is used for

Strattera contains atomoxetine and is used to treat attentiondeficit and hyperactivity disorder (ADHD). It is used - in children over six years of age,

- in young people, in adults,

It is used only as a part of the total treatment of the disease which also requires treatments which do not involve medicines, such as counselling and behavioural therapy

It is not for use as a treatment for ADHD in children under 6 years of age as it is not known if the drug works or is safe in these people.

In adults, Strattera is used to treat ADHD when the symptoms are very troublesome and affect your work or social life and when you have had symptoms of the disease as a child.

How it works

Strattera increases the amount of noradrenaline in the brain. This is a chemical that is produced naturally, and increases attention and decreases impulsiveness and hyperactivity in patients with ADHD. This medicine has been prescribed to help control the symptoms of ADHD. This medicine is not a stimulant and is therefore not addictive

It may take a few weeks after you start the medicine for your symptoms to fully improve.

About ADHD

- Children and young people with ADHD find it:
 - · hard to sit still and

 hard to concentrate. It is not their fault that they cannot do these things. Many

children and young people struggle to do these things. However, with ADHD this can cause problems with everyday life. Children and young people with ADHD may have difficulty learning and doing homework. They find it hard to behave well at home, at school or in other places. ADHD does not affect the intelligence of a child or young person.

Adults with ADHD find it difficult to do all the things that children find difficult; however this may mean they have problems with:

- work
- · relationships
- low self esteem
- · education

2. What you need to know before you take Strattera Do NOT take Strattera if you: - are allergic to atomoxetine or any of the other ingredients of

- this medicine (listed in section 6). took a medicine known as a monoamine oxidase inhibitor
- (MAOI), for example phenelzine, in the last two weeks. An MAOI is sometimes used for depression and other mental-health problems; taking Strattera with an MAOI could cause serious side effects or be life-threatening. You also need to wait at least 14 days after you stop taking Strattera before you take an MAOI. - have an eye disease called narrow-angle glaucoma (increased
- pressure in your eye)
- have serious problems with your heart which may be affected by an increase in heart rate and/or blood pressure, as this may be an effect of Strattera
- have serious problems with the blood vessels in your brain -such as a stroke, swelling and weakening of part of a blood vessel (aneurysm) or narrow or blocked blood vessels
- have a tumour of your adrenal gland (phaeochromocytor

Do not take Strattera if any of the above applies to you. If you are not sure, talk to your doctor or pharmacist before you take Strattera. This is because Strattera can make these problems

Warnings and precautionsBoth adult and children should be aware of the following

warnings and precautions. Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking Strattera if you have:

- thoughts about killing yourself or trying to kill yourself.
 problems with your heart (including heart defects) or an increased heartbeat. Strattera can increase your heart rate (pulse). Sudden death has been reported in patients with heart high blood pressure. Strattera can increase blood pressure
- low blood pressure. Strattera can cause dizziness or fainting in people with low blood pressure.
- problems with sudden changes in your blood pressure or your
- cardiovascular disease or past medical history of stroke.
- liver problems. You may need a lower dose.
 psychotic symptoms including hallucinations (hearing voices or
- seeing things which are not there), believing things that are not true or being suspicious. mania (feeling elated or over-excited, which causes unusual
- behaviour) and agitation. aggressive feelings.
- unfriendly and angry (hostility) feelings a history of epilepsy or have had seizures for any other reason.
- Strattera might lead to an increase in seizure frequency. - different moods than usual (mood swings) or feel very unhappy.
- hard-to-control, repeated twitching of any parts of the body or you repeat sounds and words.
- Tell your doctor or pharmacist if any of the above applies to you

before starting treatment. This is because Strattera can make these problems worse. Your doctor will want to monitor how the medicine affects you.

Checks that your doctor will make before you start to take Strattora These checks are to decide if Strattera is the correct medicine

for you.

Your doctor will measure your - blood pressure and your heart rate (pulse) before and during

- the time you take Strattera your height and weight if you are a child or teenager during the
- time vou take Strattera Your doctor will talk to you about:

- any other medicines you are taking

- whether there is any family history of sudden unexplained death any other medical problems (such as heart problems) you or
- your family may have It is important that you provide as much information as you

can. This will help your doctor decide if Strattera is the correct medicine for you. Your doctor may decide that other medical tests are needed before you start taking this medicine. Other medicines and Strattera

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines. This includes non-

prescription medicines. Your doctor will decide if you can take Strattera with your other medicines and in some cases your doctor may need to adjust your dose or increase your dose much more slowly Do not take Strattera with medicines called MAOIs (monoamine

oxidase inhibitors) used for depression. See section 2 "Do not take Strattera" If you are taking other medicines. Strattera may affect how well

they work or may cause side effects. If you are taking any of the

following medicines, check with your doctor or pharmacist before - medicines that increase blood pressure or are used to control blood pressure

- medicines such as antidepressants, for example imipramine, venlafaxine, mirtazapine, fluoxetine and paroxetine
- some cough and cold remedies which contain medicines that can affect blood pressure. It is important to check with your
- pharmacist when you get any of these products some medicines used to treat mental health conditions, - medicines that are known to increase the risk of seizures
- some medicines that cause Strattera to stay in the body for longer than normal (such as quinidine and terbinafine)
- salbutamol (a medicine to treat asthma) when taken by mouth or injected may make you feel as if your heart is racing, but this will not make your asthma worse.

The medicines below may lead to an increased risk of an abnormal rhythm of the heart when taken with Strattera:

- medicines used to control the rhythm of the heart
- medicines which change the concentration of salts in the blood
- medicine for malaria prevention and treatment
 some antibiotic medicines (such as erythromycin and
- moxifloxacin).

If you are not sure about whether any medicines you are taking are included in the list above, ask your doctor or pharmacist before taking Strattera.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding
It is not known if this medicine can affect an unborn baby or pass into breast milk.

- This medicine should not be used during pregnancy, unless your
- doctor has advised you to do so. You should either avoid taking this medicine if you are breastfeeding or discontinue breastfeeding.
- If you are:
- pregnant or breast feeding. thinking that you may be pregnant or are planning to have
- planning to breastfeed your baby
 ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this

Driving and using machinesYou may feel tired, sleepy or dizzy after taking Strattera. You should be careful if you are driving a car or operating machinery until you know how Strattera affects you. If you feel tired, sleepy or dizzy you should not drive or operate machinery.

Do not open Strattera capsules because the contents of the capsule can irritate the eye. If the contents of the capsules come into contact with the eye, the affected eye should be flushed immediately with water, and medical advice obtained. Hands and any other part of the body that may have come into contact with the capsule contents should also be washed as soon as possible.

Important information about the content of the cap

3. How to take Strattera

- Always take this medicine as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure. This is usually one or two times a day (morning and late afternoon or early evening)
 Children should not take this medicine without the help from
- an adult.
- If you are taking Strattera once a day and experience sleepiness or feel sick, your doctor may change your treatment schedule to twice a day
- The capsules should be swallowed whole, either with or without food The capsules should not be opened and the contents inside the
- capsules should not be removed and taken in any other way. Taking the medicine at the same time each day may help you remember to take it

How much to tak

If you are a child or teenager (6 years or older): Your doctor will tell you how much Strattera you should take and will calculate this according to your weight. He/she will normally

start you on a lower dose before increasing the amount of Strattera you need to take according to your body weight. Body weight up to 70 kg: a starting total daily dose of 0.5 mg

of about 1.2 mg per kg of body weight daily. Body weight over 70 kg: a starting total daily dose of 40 mg for a minimum of 7 days. Your doctor may then decide to increase this to the usual maintenance dose of 80 mg daily. The maximum daily dose your doctor will prescribe is 100 mg.

per kg of body weight for a minimum of 7 days. Your doctor may then decide to increase this to the usual maintenance dose

- Strattera should be started at a total daily dose of 40 mg for a minimum of 7 days. Your doctor may then decide to increase this to the usual maintenance dose of 80 mg-100 mg daily. The maximum daily dose your doctor will prescribe is 100 mg If you have problems with your liver your doctor may prescribe a lower dose

If you take more Strattera than you should contact your doctor or the nearest hospital casualty department immediately and tell them how many capsules you have taken. The most commonly reported symptoms accompanying overdoses are gastrointestinal symptoms, sleepiness, dizziness, tremor, and abnormal behaviour.

If you forget to take Strattera
If you miss a dose, you should take it as soon as possible, but you should not take more than your total daily dose in any 24-hour period. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose

If you stop taking Strattera

Your doctor will do some tests

If you stop taking Strattera there are usually no side effects, but your ADHD symptoms may return. You should talk to your doctor first before you stop treatment.

- before you start - to make sure that Strattera is safe and will be of benefit.

Things your doctor will do when you are on treatment

- after you start they will be done at least every 6 months, but possibly more often.
- They will also be done when the dose is changed. These tests

will include:

- measuring height and weight in children and young people measuring blood pressure and heart rate
- checking whether you have any problems or if side effects have got worse while taking Strattera.

Strattera does not need to be taken for ever. If you take Strattera for more than a year, your doctor will review your treatment, to see if the medicine is still needed.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask

4. Possible side effects

icine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. Although some people get side effects most people find that Strattera helps them. Your doctor will talk to you about these side effects.

Some side effects could be serious. If you have any of the side effects below, see a doctor straight away.

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people) feeling or having a very fast heartbeat, abnormal rhythms of

- thinking about or feeling like killing yourself
- feeling aggressive feeling unfriendly and angry (hostility)
- mood swings or mood changes
- serious allergic reaction with symptoms of swelling of the face and throat
- difficulty breathing hives (small raised, itchy patches of skin) seizures
- psychotic symptoms including hallucinations (hearing voices or seeing things which are not there), believing things that are not true or being suspicious Children and young adults aged under 18 have an increased

risk of side effects such as: thinking about or feeling like killing yourself (may affect up to

- 1 in 100 people) mood swings or mood changes (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)
- Adults have a reduced risk (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people)
- of side effects such as: psychotic symptoms including hallucinations (hearing voices or seeing things which are not there), believing things that are not

true or being suspicious

feeling that you are coming down with flu

- immediately if you have any of the following:
- Rarely (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people) - liver injury
 You should stop taking Strattera and call your doctor
- dark urine

tiredness

patients.

itching

- yellow skin or yellow eyes
- tummy pain which is sore when you press it (tenderness) on the right side just below your ribs a feeling of sickness (nausea) that is unexplained

Other side effects reported include the following. If they get serious, tell your doctor or pharmacist. Very common side effects (may affect more than 1 in 10 people)

CHILDREN and YOUNG ADULTS PEOPLE over 6 years feeling sick pain in the stomach - dry mouth - headache decreased appetite (not decreased appetite (not feeling hungry) feeling hungry)
- problems getting to sleep, - feeling or being sick - increased blood pressure staying asleep and waking - increased heart rate (pulse) early increased blood pressure These effects may disappear - increased heart rate (pulse) after a while in most

Common side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)

Common side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)	
CHILDREN and YOUNG PEOPLE over 6 years	ADULTS
- being irritable or agitated - problems sleeping including waking early - depression - feeling sad or hopeless - feeling anxious - tics - large pupils (the dark centre of the eye) - dizziness - constipation - loss of appetite - upset stomach, indigestion - swollen, reddened and - itchy skin - rash - feeling lazy (lethargy) - chest pain - tiredness - weight loss	- feeling agitated - decreased interest in sex - sleep disturbance - depression - feeling sad or hopeless - feeling anxious - diziness - an abnormal taste or - change in taste that will not go away - tremor - tingling or numbness in the hands or feet - sleepiness, drowsy, feeling tired - constipation - stomach ache - indigestion - wind (flatulence) - being sick - hot flush or flushing - feeling or having a very fast heartbeat - swollen, reddened and itchy skin - increased sweating - rash - problems going to the toilet such as not be able to urinate, frequent or hesitant urinating, pain on urinating - inflammation of the prostate gland (prostatitis) - groin pain in men - failure to obtain an erection - retarded orgasm - difficulty maintaining an - erection - menstrual cramps

Uncommon side effects (may	y affect up to 1 in 100 people)
CHILDREN and YOUNG PEOPLE over 6 years	ADULTS
- fainting - tremor - migraine - blurred vision - abnormal skin sensation, such as burning, prickling, itching, or tingling - tingling or numbness in the hands or feet - seizure (fits) - feeling or having a very fast heartbeat (OT prolongation) - shortness of breath - increased sweating - itchy skin - lack of strength or energy	- restlessness - tics - fainting - migraine - blurred vision - heart rhythm abnormal (QT prolongation) - feeling cold in fingers and toes - chest pain - shortness of breath - raised red litchy rashes (hives) - muscle spasms - an urge to urinate - abnormal or absence of orgasm - irregular menstruation - ejaculation failure

CHILDREN and YOUNG PEOPLE over 6 years	ADULTS
- poor blood circulation which makes toes and fingers numb and pale (Raynaud's disease) - problems going to the toilet such as frequent or hesitant urinating, pain on urinating - prolonged and painful errections - groin pain in males	poor blood circulation which makes toes and fingers numb and pale (Raynaud's disease) prolonged and painful erections

Effects on growth Some children experience reduced growth (weight and height) when they start taking Strattera. However, with long-term treatment, children recover to the weight and height for their

Your doctor will watch your child's height and weight over time.

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the national reporting system. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

Reporting of suspected adverse reactions
Reporting suspected adverse reactions after authorisation of the medicinal product is important. It allows continued monitoring of the benefit/risk balance of the medicinal product. Healthcare

reactions via the national reporting system 5. How to store Strattera

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children. Do not use this medicine after the expiry date stated on the carton and blister after 'Exp'. The expiry date refers to the last

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help to protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information What Strattera 10. 18, 25, 40, and 60 mg hard capsules

- The active substance is atomoxetine hydrochloride. Each hard capsule contains atomoxetine hydrochloride equivalent to 10 mg, 18 mg, 25 mg, 40 mg, or 60 mg atomoxetine.

capsule shell colourants are: Yellow iron oxide E172 (18 mg and 60 mg)
Titanium dioxide E171 (10 mg, 18 mg, 25 mg, 40 mg, and

What Strattera looks like and contents of the pack

Capsule, hard, 18 mg (gold/white, imprinted Lilly 3238/18 mg. approximately 15.5-16.1 mm length)
Capsule, hard, 25 mg (blue/white, imprinted Lilly 3228/25 mg, approximately 15.5-16.1 mm length) Capsule, hard, 40 mg (blue, imprinted Lilly 3229/40 mg, approximately 15.5-16.1 mm length) Capsule, hard, 60 mg (blue/gold, imprinted Lilly 3239/60 mg, approximately 17.5-18.1 mm length)

Strattera capsules are available in packs of 7, 14, 28 or 56 capsules. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

$\label{eq:marketing Authorisation Holder in Jordan: Eli Lilly Export S.A., \\ Geneva, Switzerland$ Marketing Authorisation Holder in Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar,

Syria, UAE: Lilly S.A., Avda. de la Industria 30, 28108 Alcobendas, Madrid, Spain. Marketing Authorisation Holder in Lebanon: Eli Lilly & Company,

Manufacturer: Lilly S.A., Avda. de la Industria 30, 28108 Alcobendas, Madrid, Spain

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- - - each of children. Council of Arab health ministers Union of Arab Pharmacists

- lack of strength or energy
- tiredness - feeling lazy (lethargy) - chills - feeling, irritable, jittery - feeling thirsty - weight loss

If your child is not growing or gaining weight as expected, your doctor may change your child's dose or decide to stop Strattera temporarily. Reporting of side effects

professionals are asked to report any suspected adverse

day of that month. This medicinal product does not require any special storage

- The other ingredients are pregelatinised starch and dimeticone. - The capsule shells contain sodium laurilsulfate and gelatin. The

FD&C blue 2 (indigo carmine) E132 (25 mg, 40 mg and 60 mg) Edible black ink (containing shellac and black iron oxide E172)

Capsule, hard, 10 mg (white, imprinted Lilly 3227/10 mg, approximately 15.5-16.1 mm length)

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacture

This leaflet was last revised in May 2015. THIS IS A MEDICAMENT

A MEDICAMENT

A medicament is a product which affects your health and its consumption contrary to instructions is dangerous for you. Follow strictly the doctor's prescription, the method of use and the instructions of the pharmacist who sold the medicament. The doctor and the pharmacist are the experts in medicines, their hopoffs and risker.

Do not repeat the same prescription without consulting your ep all medicaments out of reach of childrer

- - Do not by yourself interrupt the period of treatment prescribed