Patient Information Leaflet

Diameril

1 mg, 2 mg, 3 mg, 4 mg, 6 mg tablets

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, consult your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only.
- Do not pass it on to others, it may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours
- if you get any side effects, consult your doctor
- or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet.

What is in this leaflet

- What Diameril is and what it is used for
- 2. What you need to know before you take Diamerii
- 3. How to take Dlamerii
- 4. Possible side effects
- 5. How to store Diamerii
- 6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Diameril is and what it is used for

Diamerii contains alimepiride which is an orally active blood sugar lowering drug. This drug belongs to a blood sugar lowering group of medicines called sulfonvlurea. Diameril works by increasing the amount of insulin released from your pancreas. The insulin then lowers your blood sugar levels.

Diamerii is used to treat a certain form of diabetes (type 2 diabetes meilitus) when diet, physical exercise and weight reduction alone have not been able to control your blood sugar

2. What you need to know before you take Diameril Do not take Diameril:

- if you are allergic (hypersensitive) to: glimepiride or other sulfonvlureas (medicines used to lower your blood sugar such as glibenclamide) or sulfonamides (medicines for bacterial infections such as sulfamethoxazole) or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in Section 6)
- if you have insulin dependent diabetes (type 1 diabetes
- if you have diabetic ketoacidosis (a complication of diabetes when your acid level is raised in your body and you may have some of the following signs: fatigue, feeling sick (nauseg), frequent urination and muscular stiffness)
- if you are in a diabetic coma
- if you have severe kidney disease
- if you have a severe liver disease

if the above applies to you, do not take this medicine and consult your doctor or pharmacist.

Warnings and precautions

Consult to your doctor or pharmacist before taking Diameril. Take special care with Diameril:

- if you are recovering from an injury, operation, infections with fever, or from other forms of stress, inform your doctor as temporary change of treatment may be necessary - if you have a severe liver or kidney disorder
- lowering of the haemoglobin level and breakdown of red blood cells (haemolytic anemia) can occur in patients missing the enzyme alucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase.

if any of these apply to you, consult your doctor or pharmacist.

Children and adolescents

The information available on the use of Diamerll in people under 18 years of age is limited. Therefore, its use in these patients is not

Important information about hypoglycemia (low blood sugar) When you take Diameril, you may get hypoglycemia (low blood sugar). Please see below for additional information about hypoglycemia, its signs and treatment.

Factors that could increase the risk of you getting hypoglycemia:

- Undernourishment, irregular meal time, missed or delayed meal or period of fasting
- Changes to your diet
- Takina more Diamerii than needed
- Having decreased kidney function
- Having severe liver disease
- if you suffer from particular hormone-induced disorders (disorders of the thyroid glands, of the pituitary gland or adrenal

sleepiness, disordered sleep, restlessness, agaression, impaired

concentration, reduced alertness and reaction time, depression,

confusion, speech and visual disorders, slurred speech, shakiness,

The following signs may also occur: sweating, clammy skin,

anxiety, accelerated heart beat, high blood pressure,

palpitations, sudden strong pain in the breast that may radiate

if blood sugar levels continue to drop you may suffer from

considerable confusion (delirium), develop convulsions, lose self

control, breathing may be shallow and your heart beat slowed

down, you may fall into unconsciousness. The clinical picture of a

severe reduced blood sugar level may resemble that of a stroke.

- in most cases the signs of reduced blood sugar vanish very

quickly when you consume some form of sugar, e.g. sugar

cubes, sweet juice, sweetened tea.

partial paraivsis, sensory disturbances, dizziness, helplessness

- Drinking alcohol (especially when you skip a meal)
- Taking certain other medicines (See Taking other medicines below)
- if you increase your body exercise and you do not eat enough inhibitors) or eat food containing less carbohydrate than normal - Medicinal products called anti-arrhythmic agents used to

control abnormal heart beat (disopyramide) Signs of hypoglycemia include: Hunger pangs, headache, nausea, vomiting, sluggishness,

therapy

MAO-inhibitors)

- Medicinal products to treat gout (allopurino), probenecid, sulfingvrazone) Medicinal products to treat cancer (cyclophosphamide,

- You should therefore always take some form of sugar with you

(e.g. sugar cubes). Remember that artificial sweeteners are not

The level of sugar in your blood or urine should be checked

regularly. Your doctor may also take blood tests to monitor your

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently

Your doctor may wish to change your dose of Diameril if you are

taking other medicines, which may weaken or strengthen the

The following medicines can increase the blood sugar lowering

effect of Diameril. This can lead to a risk of hypoglycemia (low

Other medicinal products to treat diabetes mellitus (such as

Medicinal products to treat urinary infections (such as some

Medicinal products to treat bacterial and fungal infections

(tetracyclines, chloramphenicol, fluconazole, miconazole,

- Medicinal products to inhibit blood clotting (coumarin

- Medicinal products used for male sex hormone replacement

Medicinal products to treat depression (fluoxetine,

Medicinal products iowering high blood pressure (ACE

- Medicinal products supporting muscle build up (anabolics)

Medicinal products lowering high cholesterol level (fibrates)

(azopropazone, oxyphenbutazone, Acetylsalicylic acid -i ike

effect of this medicine on the level of sugar in your blood.

- Medicinal products to treat pain and inflammation

taking sugar does not help or if the symptoms recur.

Laboratory Tests

blood sugar):

medicines)

insulin or metformin)

iong acting sulfonamides)

quinoiones, clarithromycin)

derivatives such as warfarin)

blood cell levels and liver function.

taken or might take any other medicines.

Other medicines and Diameril

effective. Please contact your doctor or ao to the hospital if

- ifosfamide, trofosfamide)
- Medicinal products used to reduce weight (fenfluramine) - Medicinal products to increase circulation when given in a high
- dose intravenous infusion (pentoxifylline)
- Medicinal products to treat nasal alleraies such as hav fever (tritoaualine) into neighbouring areas (angina pectorls and cardiac
 - Medicinal products called sympatholytics to treat high blood pressure, heart failure, or prostate symptoms.

The following medicines may decrease the blood sugar lowering effect of Diameril. This can lead to a risk of hyperalycemia (high blood sugar level).

- Medicinal products containing female sex hormones (oestroaens, proaestoaens)
- Medicinal products supporting urine production (thiazide
- Medicinal products used to stimulate the thyroid aland (such as levothyroxine)

Medicinal products to treat alleraies and inflammation Important information about some of the ingredients of Diameril (alucocorticolds)

Medicinal products to treat severe mental disorders that you cannot tolerate some sugars, contact your doctor (chlorpromazine and other phenothlazine derivatives) Medicinal products used to raise heart beat, to treat asthma or

nasai congestion, coughs and colds, used to reduce weight, or used in life-threatening emergencies (adrengline and sympathomimetics)

- Medicinal products to treat high cholesterol level (nicotinic
- Medicinal products to treat constinuation when they are used long term (laxatives)
- Medicinal products to treat seizures (phenytoin)
- Medicinal products to treat nervousness and sleep problems (barbiturates)
- Medicinal products to treat increased pressure in the eve (azetazolamide) Medicinal products to treat high blood pressure or jowering
- blood sugar (diazoxide) doctor. Do not take more tablets than your doctor has
- Medicinal products to treat infections, tuberculosis (rifampicine) Medicinal products to treat severe low blood sugar levels
- (alucaaon)

The following medicinal products can increase or decrease the blood sugar lowering effect of Diamerii:

- Medicinal products to treat stomach ulcers (called H2 antagonists) - Medicinal products to treat high blood pressure or heart failure
- such as beta-blockers, clonidine, augnethidine and reserpine. These can also hide the signs of hypoglycemia, so special care is needed when taking these medicines

Diameril may either increase or weaken the effects of the following medicines:

Medicinal products inhibiting blood clotting (coumarin derivatives such as warfarin)

Diameril with food, drink and alcohol

Alcohol intake may increase or decrease the blood sugar lowering action of Diamerll in an unpredictable way.

Preanancy and breast-feeding

Preanancy

Diameril should not be taken during pregancy.

Breast feeding

Diamerii may pass into breast milk therefore it should not be taken durina breast-feedina.

if you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be Since the state of hypoglycemia may last for some time it is very pregnant or are planning to have a baby, consult your doctor or important that the patient is carefully monitored until there is no pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine more danger. Admission into hospital may be necessary, also as

Driving and using machines

Your ability to concentrate or react may be impaired If your blood sugar is lowered (hypoglycemia), or raised (hyperglycemia) or if you develop visual problems as a result of such conditions. Bear in mind that you could endanger yourself or others (e.g. when driving a car or using machines). Please consult your doctor whether you can drive a car if you:

- have frequent episodes of hypoglycemia.
- have fewer or no warning signals of hypoglycemia

If you stop taking Diameril

Diameril contains lactose, if you have been told by your doctor

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you.

doctor, it is important not to leave out any meal when you are on

- Swallow the tablets whole with at least half alass of water. Do

The dose of Diameril depends on your needs, condition and

results of blood and urine sugar tests and is determined by your

The usual starting dose is one Diamerii 1 ma tablet once a day

- if necessary, your doctor may increase the dose after each

- The maximum recommended dose is 6 ma Diameril per day

- A combination therapy of alimepiride plus metformin or of

glimepiride plus insulin may be initiated. in such a case your

- if your weight changes or if you change your lifestyle, or you are

in a stress situation this may require changed Diameril doses,

and therefore you should instantly consume enough sugar (e.g.

a small bar of sugar cubes, sweet juice, sweetened tea)

and consult your doctor immediately. When treating

hypogivcemia due to accidental intake in children, the

quantity of sugar given must be carefully controlled to avoid

the possibility of producing dangerous hyperglycemia.

Persons in a state of unconsciousness must not be given food or

remaining tablets, so the doctor knows what has been taken.

consciousness and severe neurological failure are cases of

medical emergency requiring immediate medical treatment

Do not take a double dose (two tablets at once) to make up for

do not change the dose yourself, but consult your doctor

if you take more Diameril than you should

before taking this medicine.

not crush or chew the tablets

1 - 2 weeks of treatment

or insulin individually for you

therefore inform your doctor

case of emergency.

a forgotten tablet.

if you forget to take Diamerii

Consult your doctor if you are not sure.

3. How to take Diameril

Taking this medicine

if you interrupt or stop the treatment you should be aware that the desired blood sugar lowering effect is not achieved or that the disease will deteriorate again. Keep taking Diameril until your doctor tells you to stop.

if you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, consult your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Possible side effects

Take this medicine by mouth, just before or with the first main Like all medicines this medicine can cause side effects, although med of the day (usually breakfast), if you do not have breakfast not everybody gets them. you should take the product on schedule as prescribed by your

Consult your doctor immediately if you experience any of the following symptoms:

- Alleraic reactions (including inflammation of blood vessels, often with skin rash) which may develop into serious reactions with difficulty in breathing, fall in blood pressure and sometimes progressing to shock.
- Alleray (hypersensitivity) of the skin such as itching, rash, hives and increased sensitivity to sun. Some mlid alleraic reactions may develop into serious reactions
- Abnormal liver function including vellowing of the skin and eves (jaundice), problems with the bile flow (cholestasis), inflammation of the liver (hepatitis) or liver failure.
- Severe hypoalycemia including loss of consciousness, seizures or coma (See Section 2).

Other side effects of Dlamerll include: doctor will determine the proper doses of alimepiride, metformin

- Decrease in the number of blood cells: Blood platelets (which increases risk of bleeding or bruising). White blood cells (which makes infections more likely). Red blood cells (which can make the skin pale and cause weakness or breathlessness)

if you feel the effect of your medicine is too weak or too strong These problems generally get better after you stop taking Diamerii

if you happen to have taken too much Diamerli or an Feeling or being sick, diarrhoea, feeling full or bloated, and additional dose there is a danger of hypoglycemia (signs of abdominal pain hypoglycemia see Section 2 - Take special care with Diamerii)

Decrease in the amount of sodium level in your blood (shown by blood tests)

Unknown

Problems with your sight may occur when beginning treatment with Diameril. This is due to changes in blood sugar levels and should soon improve, increased liver enzymes

if you get any side effects, consult to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet.

How to store Diameril

- Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children
- Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on a measure of precaution. Show the doctor the package or the carton and blister. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month. Severe cases of hypoglycemia accompanied by loss of
 - Store below 30°C.
 - Store in the original package in order to protect from moisture. Do not use any Diamerii pack that is damaged
- and admission into hospital, it should be ensured that there is Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater. Consult always a preinformed person that can consult your doctor in your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information What Diameril contains

The active substance in Diameril is alimepiride

- Diamerii 1 ma: Fach tablet contains 1 ma alimeniride
- Diamerii 2 ma: Each tablet contains 2 ma alimepiride
- Diamerii 3 ma: Each tablet contains 3 ma alimepiride
- Dlamerii 4 ma: Each tablet contains 4 ma alimepiride
- Diamerii 6 ma: Each tablet contains 6 ma ailmepiride

The other ingredients are: microcrystalline cellulose, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate, sodium starch glycolate

What Diamerll looks like and contents of the pack

Diameril 2, 3, 4 and 6 ma tablets are white round tablets scored into two on one side.

Diameril 1 ma tablets are white round tablets.

- Diamerii 1 ma: Box of 30 tablets.
- Diamerii 2 ma: Box of 30 tablets.

and povidone.

- Diamerii 3 ma: Box of 30 tablets. Diamerii 4 ma: Box of 30 tablets.
- Dlamerii 6 ma: Box of 30 tabiets.

Marketina Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

Pharmaline, sai - Lebanon, P.O. Box 90201 .ldeidet-Fi-Metn. Lebanon

Contact us: pharmaline@maliagroup.com

Registration Nº Lebanon for Diameril 1 ma 148220/03 Registration Nº Lebanon for Diameril 2 mg 148221/03 Registration Nº Lebanon for Diameril 3 mg 148222/03 Registration Nº Lebanon for Diamerii 4 ma 148223/03 Registration Nº Lebanon for Diameril 6 mg 168119/10

This is a medicament

- · A medicament is a product which affects your health, and its consumption contrary to instructions is dangerous for you.
- · Follow strictly the doctor's prescription, the method of use and the instructions of the pharmacist who sold the medicament
- The doctor and the pharmacist are experts in medicine, its benefits and risks. Do not by yourself interrupt the period of treatment prescribed
- Do not repeat the same prescription without consulting your doctor

Council of Arab Health Ministers Union of Arab Pharmacists

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