

Package Leaflet: Information for the user

Dermovate Cream

clobetasol propionate

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again. If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
 - If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet:

- What Dermovate is and what it is used for What you need to know before you use Dermovate
- How to use Dermovate
- Possible side effects
- How to store Dermovate

Contents of the pack and other information What Dermovate is and what it is used for

Dermovate contains a medicine called clobetasol propionate. It belongs to a group of medicines called steroids. It helps to reduce swelling and irritation

Dermovate is used to help reduce the redness and itchiness of certain skin problems. These skin problems include:
• frequently relapsing eczema

- psoriasis (thickened patches of inflamed, red skin, often covered by silvery scales), excluding widespread plaque psoriasis
- lichen planus, (a skin disease that causes itchy, reddish-purple, flat-topped bumps on the wrists, forearms or lower legs)
- discoid lupus erythematosus (a disease of the skin most often affecting the face, ears and scalp causing scarring and increased sensitivity of the affected skin to
- dermatitis and other skin conditions that have not responded to milder steroid creams or ointments.

2. What you need to know before you use Dermovate

Do not use Dermovate:

- if you are allergic (hypersensitive) to clobetasol propionate or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in Section 6) on a child under 1 year of age
- to treat any of the following skin problems, it could make them worse:
 - acne

 - severe flushing of skin on and around your nose (rosacea) spotty red rash around your mouth (perioral dermatitis)
 - itching around your anus or genitals (penis or vagina) infected skin (unless the infection is being treated with an anti-infective
 - medicine at the same time) itchy skin which is not inflamed

 - widespread plaque psoriasis, except single lesions.

Do not use if any of the above apply to you. If you are not sure, talk to your doctor or pharmacist before using Dermovate.

Warning and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before using Dermovate if:

you experience newly developed bone pain or worsening of previous bone

- symptoms during a treatment with Dermovate especially if you have been using Dermovate for a prolonged time or repeatedly.
- you use other oral/topical medication containing corticosteroids or medication

intended to control your immune system (e.g. for autoimmune disease or after a transplantation). Combining Dermovate with these medicines may result in

- you have previously had an allergic reaction with another steroid. you are applying the cream under an airtight dressing, including a child's nappy.
- These dressings make it easier for the active ingredient to pass through the skin. It is possible to accidentally end up using too much cream. make sure that the skin is cleansed before a fresh dressing is applied to prevent
- you are applying the cream on broken or damaged skin or within skin folds. you are applying to a large surface area.
- you have psoriasis, your doctor will want to see you more often. you are using for a chronic leg ulcer as you may be at increased risk of local
- allergic reaction or infection. you are applying near eyes or on eyelids, as cataracts or glaucoma may result if
- the cream repeatedly enters the eye. you are applying to thin skin such as the face, as Dermovate may cause skin
- thinning. Use on the face should be limited to 5 days. Dressings or bandages should not be used on the face where the cream is applied. Contact your doctor if you experience blurred vision or other visual disturbances.

If an infection develops during the use of this medicine, talk to your doctor of pharmacist.

If you are not sure if any of the above apply to you, talk to your doctor or pharmacist

before using this medicine.

Children

- Do not use this medicine in children under 1 year of age. Avoid continuous treatment for a long period of time in infants and children over 1 year of age, as their skin is thinner than adults and as a result may absorb larger amounts.
 Use on children should be limited to 5 days and reviewed weekly.
- Dressings or bandages should not be used on children where the cream is applied.
- Other medicines and Dermovate

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicine, especially if you are taking ritonavir and itraconazole medications.

Pregnancy, breast-feeding and fertility
If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine

If you do use Dermovate when breast-feeding, do not use it on your breast area to ensure that the baby does not accidentally get Dermovate in their mouth. Dermovate Cream contains propylene glycol, cetostearyl alcohol and chlorocresol

Propylene glycol may cause skin irritation. Cetostearyl alcohol may cause local skin reactions (eg. contact dermatitis). Chlorocresol may cause allergic reactions. Whilst using Dermovate do not smoke or go near naked flames due to the risk of severe burns. Fabric (clothing, bedding, dressing etc) that has been in contact with this product burns more easily and is a serious fire hazard. Washing clothing and bedding may reduce product build-up but not totally remove it.

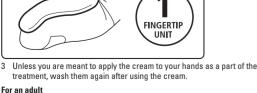
Always use this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your

doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure. Using this medicine

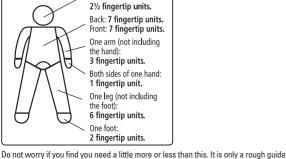
- You usually apply a thin layer of Dermovate once or twice a day. This may be reduced as your skin begins to get better, or stopped when better. Your doctor may prescribe a weaker steroid for you to use instead. If you are also using an emollient (moisturiser), allow time for Dermovate to be
- absorbed into your skin before applying the emollient. This cream is for use on your skin only.
- Do not use for more than 4 weeks without talking to your doctor. If you need treatment for a long time, your doctor may decide you need to use a milder cream or ointment If your skin problem worsens or does not improve within 2 to 4 weeks, talk to your
- doctor. The germs that cause infections like the warm and moist conditions under
- dressings. If directed to cover the treated area with a dressing, always clean the skin before a fresh dressing is put on to help prevent infection of the skin beneath the dressing.
 If you are applying the cream on someone else make sure you wash your hands after use or wear disposable plastic gloves.
- Guidance on how to apply the cream Wash your hands.

Apply a thin layer to the affected area(s) and gently rub into the skin until it has all disappeared. You can measure how much Dermovate to use with your

fingertip. For children you will need to use less cream but still use an adult finger to measure out the fingertip unit. This picture shows one fingertip unit.



Face and neck:



For a child aged 1 - 10

Number of fingertip units needed					
Child's age	Face and neck	Arm and hand	Leg and foot	Front	Back including buttocks
1-2 years	1 ½	1 ½	2	2	3
3-5 years	1 ½	2	3	3	3 ½
6-10 years	2	2 ½	4 ½	3 ½	5

Use in children

- Do not use this medicine on children under 1 year of age.
- It is especially important in children not to exceed the prescribed amount.
- A course of treatment for a child over the age of 1 year should not normally last more than 5 days unless your doctor has told you to use it for longer. Your doctor may want to see the child every week, whilst using the cream.

 Dressings or bandages should not be used on children where the cream is applied.

If you have psoriasis
If you have thick patches of psoriasis on your elbows or knees, your doctor may suggest applying the cream under an airtight dressing. It will only be at night to help the cream to start working. After a short period of time you will then apply the cream as normal.

If you apply Dermovate to your face

You should only apply the cream to your face if your doctor tells you to. It should be limited to only 5 days as the skin on your face thins easily. Dressings or bandages should not be used on the face where the cream is applied. Do not let the cream get into your eyes. If it does, wash it out with plenty of water.

If you use more Dermovate than you should

If you apply too much or if accidentally swallowed, it could make you ill. Talk to your doctor or go to hospital as soon as possible.

If you forget to use Dermovate

If you forget to apply your cream, apply it as soon as you remember. If it is close to the time you are next meant to apply it, wait until this time. Do not apply extra Dermovate to make up for a missed dose.

If you stop using Dermovate If you use Dermovate regularly make sure you talk to your doctor before you stop using it as your condition may get worse if stopped suddenly.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them

- Stop using Dermovate and tell your doctor immediately if:

 you find that your skin problem gets worse, you develop a generalised rash or your skin becomes swollen during treatment. You may be allergic to the cream, have an infection or need other treatment.
- you have psoriasis and get raised bumps with pus under the skin. This can happen during or after the treatment and is known as pustular psoriasis.

Other side effects you may notice when using Dermovate include:

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)

a feeling of burning, pain, irritation or itching where the cream is applied. Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people)

skin thinning, this may cause stretch marks blood vessels under the surface of your skin may become more noticeable.

Very Rare (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people)
Use of Dermovate for a long period of time, or use under an airtight dressing, may

cause the following symptoms:

- increased weight moon face, rounding of the face
- obesity
- skin thinning
- skin wrinkling
- skin dryness changes to the colour of your skin
- increased body hair hair loss/lack of hair growth/damaged looking hair

Other very rare skin reactions that may occur are: allergic reaction at the site of application

- worsening of condition
- application site irritation/pain redness
- rash or hives if you have psoriasis you may get raised bumps with pus under the skin. This can happen very rarely during or after treatment and is known as pustular psoriasis
- skin infection

In children, also look out for the following symptoms: delayed weight gain

- slow growth Very rare side effects that may show up in blood tests or when your doctor gives
- you a medical examination: a decrease in the level of the hormone cortisol in your blood
- increased levels of sugar in your blood or urine high blood pressure cloudy lens in the eye (cataract)
- increased pressure in the eye (glaucoma) vision problems caused by detachment of the retina in the eve (central serous
- chorioretinopathy) weakening of the bones through gradual loss of mineral (osteoporosis); additional tests may be needed after your medical examination to confirm if you have this condition

Not Known (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data) blurred vision

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. To report Product Complaint/s o Adverse Event/s associated with the use of GSK product/s, please contact us via: gulf.safety@gsk.com By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this

medicine.

- Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children. Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the tube or
- carton after (EXP). The expiry date refers to the last day of that month. Do not store above 30°C. Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your
- pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help to protect the environment.

What Dermovate contains The active ingredient is clobetasol propionate. Each 1 g contains 0.5 mg of

What Dermovate looks like and contents of the pack

clobetasol propionate (0.05% w/w). The other ingredients are cetostearyl alcohol (see section 2), glyceryl monostearate 40-55, arlacel 165, beeswax substitute 6621, propylene glycol (see section 2), chlorocresol (see section 2), sodium citrate, citric acid and

Within each carton is a tube with a plastic screw cap, which contains 30g of cream. Manufacturer: Glaxo Operations UK Limited.

purified water.

Barnard Castle

United Kingdom

instructions is dangerous for you

This leaflet was last revised in 22 March 2021 Trade marks are owned by or licensed to the GSK group of companies ©2021 GSK group of companies or its licensor.

THIS IS A MEDICAMENT Medicament is a product which affects your health and its consumption contrary to

Follow strictly the doctor's prescription, the method of use and the instructions of the pharmacist who sold the medicament. . The doctor and the pharmacist are the experts in medicines, their benefits and risks.

- Do not by yourself interrupt the period of treatment prescribed. Do not repeat the same prescription without consulting
- your doctor. Keep all medicaments out of the reach of children Council of Arab Health Ministers, Union of Arab Pharmacists.

