SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

DAFLON 500 mg, film-coated tablet

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

| Micronised purified flavonoic fraction | 500 mg |
|---|--------|
| Corresponding to: | |
| Diosmin: 90 per cent | 450 mg |
| Flavonoids expressed as hesperidin: 10 per cent | 50 mg |
| Mean humidity | 20 mg |

For a full list of excipients, see section 6.1.

3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Film-coated tablet.

4. CLINICAL DATA

4.1. Therapeutic indications

- Treatment of symptoms related to venolymphatic insufficiency (heavy legs, pain, early morning restless legs),
- Treatment of functional symptoms related to acute hemorrhoidal attack.

4.2. Posology and method of administration

- Usual dosage: 2 tablets daily in two divided doses, midday and evening at meal times.
- Acute hemorrhoidal attack: 6 tablets per day for the first 4 days, then 4 tablets per day for 3 days.

4.3. Contra-indications

Hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients

4.4. Special warnings and precautions for use

The administration of this product for the symptomatic treatment of acute haemorrhoids does not preclude treatment for other anal conditions.

If symptoms do not subside promptly, a proctological examination should be performed and the treatment should be reviewed.

4.5. Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

No interaction studies have been performed. However and taking into consideration the huge post marketing experience on the product, no drug interaction has been reported to date.

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4.6. Fertility, pregnancy and breastfeeding

Pregnancy:

No teratogenic effects have been shown in several studies and no adverse effect has been reported in human.

Breast-feeding:

In the absence of data on excretion in milk, treatment should be avoided during breastfeeding.

Fertility:

Reproductive toxicity studies showed no effect on fertility in male and female rats (see section 5.3)

4.7. Effects on ability to drive and use machines

No studies on the effects of flavonoic fraction on the ability to drive and use machines have been performed. However, on the basis of the overall safety profile of flavonoic fraction, DAFLON has nor or negligible influence on these abilities.

4.8. Undesirable effects

The following adverse effects or events have been reported and are ranked using the following frequency: very common (\geq 1/10); common (\geq 1/100 to <1/10); uncommon (\geq 1/1,000 to <1/100); rare (\geq 1/10,000 to <1/1,000); very rare (<1/10,000), not known (cannot be estimated form the available data).

Nervous system disorders:

Rare effects: dizziness, headache, malaise

Gastrointestinal disorders:

Common effects: diarrhoea, dyspepsia, nausea, vomiting

Uncommon effects: colitis

Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders:

Rare effects: rash, pruritus, urticaria

Not known: isolated face, lip, eyelid oedema. Exceptionally Quincke's oedema

4.9. Overdose

No case of overdose with DAFLON has been reported.

5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

5.1. Pharmacodynamic properties

Venotonic and vascular protector.

Pharmacology

It is active upon the return vascular system in the following way:

- it reduces venous distensibility and stasis,
- in the microcirculation, it normalises capillary permeability and increases capillary resistance.

Clinical pharmacology

Double blind controlled studies using methods by which the effects of the product on venous haemodynamics could be demonstrated and quantified have confirmed the above pharmacological properties in man.

Dose-effect relationship:

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A statistically significant dose-effect relationship was established with respect to venous plethysmographic parameters: capacitance, distensibility and rate of emptying. The optimum dose-effect ratio was obtained with 2 tablets.

Venous tonic activity:

DAFLON 500 mg increases venous tone: venous occlusion plethysmography with a mercury stress gauge demonstrated a decrease in the rate of emptying.

Microcirculatory activity:

Double-blind controlled studies showed a statistically significant difference between placebo and the drug. In patients presenting with signs of capillary fragility, DAFLON 500 mg increases capillary resistance, as measured by angiosterrometry.

Clinical trials

Double-blind placebo-controlled trials have demonstrated the activity of the drug in phlebology, in the treatment of chronic venous insufficiency of the lower limbs (both functional and organic).

5.2. Pharmacokinetic properties

In man, following oral administration of the substance containing 14C Diosmin:

- Excretion is mainly faecal; a mean of 14% of the dose administered is excreted in the urine
- The elimination half-life is 11 hours.
- The drug is extensively metabolised as evidenced by the presence of various phenol acids in the urine.

5.3. Preclinical safety data

Not applicable.

6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

6.1. List of excipients

Sodium starch glycolate, microcrystalline cellulose, gelatine, magnesium stearate, talc, titanium dioxide (E 171), glycerol, sodium lauryl sulphate, macrogol 6000, hypromellose, yellow iron oxide (E 172), red iron oxide (E 172).

6.2. Incompatibilities

Not applicable.

6.3. Shelf life

3 years

6.4. Special precautions for storage

Below 30°C

6.5. Nature and contents of outer packaging

15, 20, 30, 60 or 100 tablets in blister packs (PVC-Aluminium).

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

6.6. Special precautions for disposal and other handling

No special requirements.

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7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

LES LABORATOIRES SERVIER - FRANCE

8. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT

June 2013

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